COLLEGE LINGO





ACADEMIC SCHOLARSHIP

A merit-based scholarship awarded to students based on their academic achievements and grades.

ACCREDITATION

The process by which a college or university is evaluated and recognized as meeting certain academic standards.

ADMISSIONS

The process by which prospective students apply to and are accepted by a college or university.

AID PACKAGE

The total amount of financial assistance that a student is offered by a school or financial aid program, including grants, scholarships, loans, and workstudy programs.

ACADEMIC YEAR

The period of time that schools use to measure a year of academic work, usually consisting of two semesters or three quarters.

ACCRUED INTEREST

The interest that accumulates on a loan or investment over time.

ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME (AGI)

The amount of income that a person reports on their tax return, after taking into account certain deductions and exemptions.

AID YEAR

The period of time during which a student's financial aid award is applied, typically one academic year.





AWARD LETTER

A merit-based scholarship awarded to students based on their academic achievements and grades.

CAPITALIZATION

The addition of unpaid interest to the principal balance of a loan, which increases the total amount owed.

CO-SIGNER

A person who agrees to be responsible for repaying a loan if the primary borrower is unable to do so



AWARD YEAR

The period of time that a student is receiving financial aid, usually consisting of one academic year

COA (COST OF ATTENDANCE)

The total cost of attending a college or university, including tuition, fees, room and board, books, and personal expenses

CONSOLIDATION

The process of combining multiple student loans into one loan with a single monthly payment

CREDIT CHECK

A review of a borrower's credit history, which is often required for private student loans

CSS PROFILE (COLLEGE SCHOLARSHIP SERVICE PROFILE)

A financial aid application used by elite colleges and universities to determine eligibility for institutional aid.



DEFAULT

The failure to repay a loan according to the terms of the promissory note, which can result in serious consequences such as damage to credit score and wage garnishment

DEPENDENCY STATUS

A classification that determines whether a student is considered dependent or independent for financial aid purposes, based on their age, marital status, and other factors

DIRECT PLUS LOAN

A federal loan available to parents of dependent undergraduate students or to graduate and professional students

DIRECT UNSUBSIDIZED LOAN

A federal loan that is not based on financial need, and the borrower is responsible for paying all interest

DISCHARGE

The release of a borrower from the obligation to repay their loan, which may be granted under certain circumstances such as disability or death

DEFERMENT

A temporary postponement of loan repayment, during which interest may or may not accrue.

DIRECT LOAN

A federal loan that is made directly to the student or parent borrower by the U.S. Department of Education

DIRECT SUBSIDIZED LOAN

A federal loan that is based on financial need, and the interest is paid by the government while the student is enrolled at least half-time

DISBURSEMENT

The payment of financial aid funds to a student's account or directly to the student, typically at the start of each semester or quarter





DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION

A program that combines classroom instruction with work experience, typically in a business or industry setting

EARLY ACTION

A type of early admission process that allows students to apply to a college or university early in their senior year and receive an admission decision before regular admissions deadlines

STUDENT AID INDEX (SAI)

A calculation used by the federal government to determine a student's financial need for financial aid, based on income, assets, and other factors



DUAL ENROLLMENT

A program that allows high school students to enroll in college courses and earn both high school and college credits

EARLY DECISION

A type of early admission process that requires students to commit to attending a college or university if accepted, and typically has an earlier application deadline than regular admissions

ELECTRONIC MASTER PROMISSORY NOTE

An online agreement that allows borrowers to sign for and receive federal student loans

ENDORSER

A person who signs a promissory note for a federal loan on behalf of a borrower who has an adverse credit history

ENROLLMENT STATUS

A designation of a student's level of enrollment, such as full-time or part-time, which can affect financial aid eligibility



ENTRANCE COUNSELING

A requirement for first-time federal loan borrowers to learn about loan terms, responsibilities, and repayment options

FEDERAL WORK-STUDY

A federally-funded program that provides part-time jobs for students with financial need, typically on campus

FEE WAIVER

A reduction or elimination of application, testing, or other fees for students with financial need.

FERPA (FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT)

A federal law that protects the privacy of student education records and provides certain rights to students and their parents with respect to those records



EXIT COUNSELING

A requirement for borrowers who have graduated or left school to learn about their loan repayment options and responsibilities

FAFSA (FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID)

A form used to apply for federal and state financial aid, as well as institutional aid at some colleges and universities.

FELLOWSHIP

An award that provides financial assistance to graduate or postgraduate students to support research or academic study

FINANCIAL AID

Funding provided to students to help pay for college or university expenses, including grants, scholarships, loans, and workstudy programs

FINANCIAL AID ADMINISTRATOR

A person responsible for managing financial aid programs at a college or university



FINANCIAL AID OFFICE

A department at a college or university responsible for administering financial aid programs and assisting students with the financial aid proces

FINANCIAL NEED

The difference between a student's cost of attendance and their expected family contribution, which is used to determine eligibility for need-based aid

FORBEARANCE

A temporary suspension of loan payments, during which interest may continue to accrue

GIFT AID

Financial aid that does not have to be repaid, including grants and scholarships



FINANCIAL AID PACKAGE

The total amount of financial assistance that a student is offered by a school or financial aid program, including grants, scholarships, loans, and work-study programs

FOSTER CARE

A program that provides support and housing for children who cannot live with their biological parents

FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

Enrolling in a minimum number of credits or courses required by a college or university to be considered a full-time student

GRACE PERIOD

A period of time after a borrower graduates, leaves school, or drops below half-time enrollment during which loan payments are not required, but interest may accrue

GRANT

Financial aid that does not have to be repaid, typically awarded based on financial need or academic achievement



HALF-TIME ENROLLMENT

Enrolling in a minimum number of credits or courses required by a college or university to be considered a half-time student

INSTITUTIONAL AID

Financial aid offered by a college or university, including grants, scholarships, and work-study programs

ISIR (INSTITUTIONAL STUDENT INFORMATION RECORD)

A record of the information provided on a student's FAFSA that is sent to colleges and universities for financial aid processing

LOAN DISBURSEMENT

The process of transferring loan funds from a lender to a borrower's school or directly to the borrower



INDEPENDENT STUDENT

A student who is not considered dependent on their parents or guardians for financial aid purposes, based on specific criteria determined by federal and state regulations

INTEREST RATE

The percentage of the loan amount charged as interest over a certain period of time

JOB PLACEMENT RATE

The percentage of graduates who find employment in their field of study after completing their degree

LOAN FORGIVENESS

A program that cancels some or all of a borrower's federal student loan debt in exchange for fulfilling certain requirements, such as working in a public service job for a certain period of time

LOAN GRACE PERIOD

A period of time after graduation or dropping below half-time enrollment during which a borrower is not required to make loan payments



LOAN ORIGINATION FEE

A fee charged by the federal government for processing a federal student loan

MASTER PROMISSORY NOTE (MPN

A legal document that outlines the terms and conditions of a federal student loan, including the borrower's rights and responsibilities

NATIONAL MERIT SCHOLARSHIP

A scholarship awarded to highachieving high school students based on their performance on the PSAT

NET PRICE

The total cost of attending a college or university after subtracting any grants and scholarships received



LOAN SERVICER

A company that handles the billing and other administrative tasks related to a student loan, such as collecting payments and providing customer service

MERIT-BASED AID

Financial aid awarded based on academic or other achievements, rather than financial need

NEED-BASED AID

Financial aid awarded based on a student's financial need, as determined by federal and state regulations

NON-CUSTODIAL PROFILE

A financial aid application used by some colleges and universities to gather additional information about a student's non-custodial parent's income and assets

PELL GRANT

A federal grant awarded to undergraduate students based on financial need, which does not have to be repaid



PRIVATE LOAN

A type of student loan provided by a private lender, typically with higher interest rates and fewer borrower protections than federal student loans

REFUND

The portion of a loan or financial aid award that is returned to the student or borrower after tuition and fees have been paid

RENEWABLE

Describes financial aid that can be received for multiple years, typically contingent on academic progress and/or financial need



PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT

A process by which financial aid administrators can adjust a student's financial aid award based on extenuating circumstances

REGISTRAR

A college or university official responsible for maintaining student records and transcripts

RENEWAL FAFSA

A simplified version of the FAFSA used by returning students to apply for financial aid in subsequent years

REPAYMENT

The process of paying back borrowed funds, typically with interest



SATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS (SAP)

A set of academic standards that students must meet to continue receiving financial aid

SELECTIVE SERVICE

A requirement that all male U.S. citizens and male non-citizens living in the U.S. between the ages of 18 and 25 register with the Selective Service System to be eligible for federal student aid

STAFFORD LOAN

A federal loan that allows undergraduate and graduate students to borrow money to pay for educational expenses



SCHOLARSHIP

Financial aid that does not have to be repaid, typically awarded based on academic or other achievements

SELF-HELP AID

Financial aid that requires work or repayment, such as loans and workstudy programs

STATE GRANT

Financial aid awarded by state governments to eligible residents to help pay for college or university expenses

STUDENT AID REPORT (SAR)

A summary of the information provided on a student's FAFSA, which is sent to the student and the colleges and universities listed on the FAFSA



STUDENT LOAN

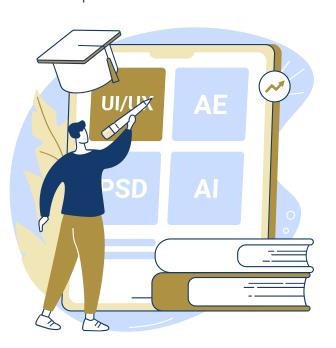
A type of loan used to pay for higher education expenses, which must be repaid with interest

SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GRANT (SEOG)

A federal grant awarded to undergraduate students with exceptional financial need

THIRD-PARTY SERVICER

A company or organization hired by a college or university to manage some or all of the financial aid process



STUDENT LOAN DEFAULT

When a borrower fails to make loan payments for an extended period of time, resulting in serious consequences such as damaged credit and wage garnishment

TEACH GRANT

A federal grant awarded to students who intend to become teachers in high-need fields and schools, which requires a service agreement to avoid repayment

TITLE IV

Refers to the portion of the Higher Education Act that authorizes federal financial aid programs, such as grants and loans

TRANSFER STUDENT

A student who has attended one or more colleges or universities prior to enrolling at a new institution



UNMET NEED

The difference between the cost of attending a college or university and the financial aid received

VERIFICATION

The process by which a college or university confirms the accuracy of the information provided on a student's financial aid applicatio

WORK-STUDY

A type of financial aid that allows students to work part-time on or off campus, with earnings going toward educational expenses

PLUS LOAN

A federal loan that allows parents of dependent undergraduate students or graduate students to borrow money to pay for educational expenses

